RAILROAD TIME TABLES. EMPHIS AND LOUIS VILLE RAILROAD.

Arrives. Leaves.

Leaves.

Leaves.

A.W. P.W.

A.W. P.W.

MISSISSIPPI AND TENNESSEE R. R. Arrives. Leaves. 4.30

pot at foot of Main street, eket Office, 287 Main street, corner of M. BURKE, Gen'l Sup't.

EMPHIS AND LITTLE ROCK RAILROAD Arrives. Leaves.

2.00 3.10 il Train dally Leaves
suisville Depot......
light and Accommodaon daily..... 3.30

8.00 | 5.00 seping cars on mail train. Depot Center ding, fost of Washington street. Tickot es, 287 foor. Madison) and 278 Main street. W. E. SMITH, Act'g Gon'l Sup't.

DUCAH AND MEMPHIS RAILROAD. and Freight Train leaves...... 4:15 p.m. arrives...... 9:00 a.m. mail and freight train leaves Covington Memphis at 5:15 a.m. and returns to Cov-on at 7 p.m. Trains leaving Memphis will t from the Underwriters' Warshouse, M. BURKE, Sup't.

RAILROADS.

EMPHIS AND LITTLE ROCK RAILWAY.

IANGE OF SCHEDULE,

COMMERCING

Sunday, July 25, 1875,

ND UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE TRAINS will arrive and depart as follows (Memtime:) train leaves L. &. N. & Gt. S. i. R. Depot (daily) 3:35 p.m ves (daily) 1:40 a.m

W. E. SMITH, Sup't, JNO, H. PERRY, Gen'l T'k't Ag't, R. A. WILLIAMS, Passenger Ag't.

# UISVILLE AND NASHVILLE eat Southern Railroad.

SCHEDULE.

liman Palace Sleeping Cars on all night tickets or information, apply at Ticket 2, 287 Main, northwest corner of Madison JOHN T. PLYNN, Sup't Memphis Div. MES SPEED. Ticket Agent, 727

LY ONE NIGHT OUT

isville, Cincinnati and St. Louis

VEW YORK.

TLE MIAMI, PAN HANDLE and Pennsylvania Route.

test and Quickest to all Eastern Cities.

BAILY

THROUGH TRAINS

THROUGH FROM icinnati to New York IN 26 HOURS.

L SATURDAY TRAINS RUN hrough to New York without detention. iman's Palace Drawing-Room and Sleep-ars on all through trains. or Through Tickets, -APPLY AT-

et Offices Throughout the South and Southwest.

G. S. W. Pass. Agt., Cincinnati, O. W. L. O'BRIEN,
G. P. and T. Agt., Columbus, O. UISVILLE AND CINCINNATI

ort Line Railroad FOR CINCINNATI ID THE EAST!

Quickest, Bost and Only Route Running Three Daily Lines man Drawing-Room Sleeping. aches from Louisville to Cin-lunati, Columbus, O., Pitts. burg, Harrisburgh,

LADELPHIA, NEW YORK and other Eastern cities THOUT CHANGE

ONL! LINE WITH WHICH PASSEN-es from the South make Direct Connec-Louisville with Through Car for New ARRIVING ONE THAIN IN AD-E of all other lines. Time from Lou-to New York

Thirty-Two Hours. Line is Stone Ballasted and entirely FROM DUST. Being equipped with debrated Westinghouse Safety Air-precludes all possibility of collisions.

ILY ALL BAIL LINE Louisville and Cincinnati, passing Great Iron Railway Bridge at Cinia-

rough Louisville, by changing Cars at Line Junction, three miles south vily, where they can be served with an at meal at RUFER'S DINING HALL E HOURS.

HOURS,
soft the Short Line make close connecrich trunk Lines at Cincinnati for all
North and East,
is for sale VIA LOUISVILLE AND
HORT LINE at all ticket effices in the ING. MECLEOD, Gen. Sup't. PARKER, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agt.

PROFESSIONAL. L. B. McFARLAND,

TORNEY AT LAW, No. 39 Madison Street,

PHIS, . . . TENNESSEE.

Eight Dollars per Annum.

LARGEST CITY CIRCULATION.

Fifteen Cents per Week

VOL. XX.

MEMPHIS, TENN.: WEDNESDAY EVENING, JULY 28, 1875.

NO. 129

## PUBLIC LEDGER.

THE PUBLIC LEDGER IS PUBLISHED every afternoon (except Sunday) at No. 13 Madison street.

The Public Lenourn is served to city subscricers by faithful carriers at FIFTEEN CENTS PER WEEK, payable weekly to the carriers. By mail (in advance): One year, \$8; six months, \$4; three months, \$2; ene month, 55 cents. Postage free.

Newsdealers supplied at 2% cents per copy.

## Weekly Public Ledger,

Published every Tuesday at \$2 per annum (in advance). Postage free.

Communications upon subjects of general interest to the public are at all times acceptable.

Rejected manuscripts will not be returned.

RATES OF ADVERTISING IN DAILY: First insertion \$1.08 per square subsequent insertions 50 For one week 2.00 For two weeks 4.50 For three weeks 6.00 For one menth 7.50

RATES OF ADVERTISING IN WEEKLY: 

Eight lines of nonparell, solid, constitute a square.
Displayed advertisements will be charged according to the aracz occupied, at above rates—there being twelve lines of solid type to the inch.
To regular advertisers we offer superior inducements, both as to rate of charges and manner of displaying their favors.
Notices in local column inserted for twenty cents per line for each insertion.
Special notices inserted for ten cents per line for each insertion.
Notices of deaths and marriages, twenty cents per line.
All bids for advertising are due when contracted and payable on demand.
All letters, whether upon numbers or otherwise, must be addressed to

E. WHITMORE.

E. WHITMORE, Publisher and Proprietor.

#### FACTS AND FANCIES.

The Parisian mania for jumping into the Seine still continues. Even infants

The city of Richmond has been indicted for allowing the refuse of the gas works to pass into the James river.

For the first time in the history of Liberia, native chiefs attended as delegates the Legislative Assembly at its last ses-Dr. Conant, of Brooklyn, who has de-

voted himself since 1857 to bible revision, is now in his 73d year, and enjoys vigor-The London religious papers contain

many appeals for funds to pay the expense of excursions for poor children to places outside the city.

Bishop Paine, of the Southern Methodist Episcopal church, who has been ill since April, is slowly recovering his bealth. He is an old man.

A philosopher asserts that the reason why ladies' teeth decay sooner than gentlemen's is because of the friction of the the amusements she sees. Everywhere tongue and the sweetness of the lips.

A Denver boy pulled the bung out of a beer barrel and stuck in his thumb; the She goes as she has gone at home, free barrel rolled over and broke the thumb all nature, art, literature and amuse so badly that it had to be amputated; and the father of the boy sues the owner of the barrel for \$5000.

A gambler in Iowa, to escape arrest, attempted to cross a river with a pocketbook between his teeth. His strength or skill not proving adequate, he was obliged to open his mouth in order to call for help, and his pocket-book, containing \$1000, went to the bottom.

A Long Branch c rrespondent says that all the babies at the West End Hotel | where many American parents who never wear silk stockings, and have their hair scalloped by a hair duster every day. One of these pampered darlings of fashionable parents rides around the porches in a hand wagon costing \$200,

A man named Wells, recently released from the Connecticut State Prison, will be retained by the rule shop contractor as overseer, at regular wages. He is now seventy years of age, and has been in prison nearly forty years of his life, due to a mania for horse-stealing.

The annual receipts of the American Baptist Missionary Union have advanced, in 25 years, from \$104,837 in 1850 to \$241,970 in 1875. It is only eight years since the first Baptist Missionary Society was organized in Kettering, England. The American Baptist missions date from the year 1814.

Mrs. Colliers, a Springfield spiritualistic medium, has retired from public business. In a published card she says: "I have long thought, and I now know, that it is impossible for a medium to be absolutely strictly honest and get adequate remuneration for the time and trouble expended."

A man who cheats in short measure is a measureless rogue. If in whisky, then he is a rogue in spirit. If by falsifying his accounts, then he is an unaccountable rogue. If he gives a bad title to land, then he is a rogue indeed. If and concerts, are thus enrolled. But he gives short measure in wheat, then aside from all these there are the cases, he is a rogue in grain.

Subscriptions are pouring in all over France in behalf of the inundated regions of that country. Marshal Mac-Mahon has won golden opinions by distributing rewards and aid among the sufferers, and his wife presides over the committee soliciting help for the same rous dens of the same kind of a lower purpose in the capital.

#### IMMORAL PARIS.

The Philosophy of Vice in the French Capital.

Cor. Chicago Post and Mail.

Pauls, June 27. A very favorite idea of particular American mammas is to finish their daughters' education in Paris. I imag-ine few fathers who have traveled and know Paris propose such a course of education for their sons, much less their daughters. Boys, of course, must take their chances everywhere, and the most careful parental training cannot protect sons from contamination; and woe to the boy, even at home, who, without other reasons, has not at least the stimulus of pride to keep him from doing a mean or dirty thing. For our daughter at home, where obscene books, pictures, plays and newspapers are prohibited things, and where a woman is deemed pure unless her conduct or conversation stamps her otherwise, there is comparasafety. But not so here. That which gives lest to one leading paner of Paris, the Figaro, is that it daily fills columns with the amours of Parisian life, such as never appeared in an American paper without an indictment following for obscenity. Here the press teems with

WORES INTERDICTED WITH US; those of Balzac, Dumas, Paul de Koch and scores of like character, ancient and modern. The statuary of the public gardens, the painting of the galleries, the prints of the shop windows, all instill lessons which we wish our daughters to know nothing of, and the stage scarcely teaches any other lesson than the joys and sorrows of illicit love, the success of the adulterer, the hoodwinked husband, or the badly fooled wife or relations. The truth is, plays with any other plot than one of an amorous character fail to draw; nor would a single theater in Paris pre-sent anything I should wish my unmar-ried daughter to see, were not the Oden and Francais sustained by a subvention of the government, and thus enabled to keep the legitimate drama on the boards But even vice is becoming classical. Dumas fils has been elected a member of the Academy, and his Demi-Monde is bulletined at the Francais. While an American gentleman deems all women pure, a Frenchmanthinks any woman he

meets may be otherwise. NO HARM IN TESTING HER ANYROW. If he is mistaken, he expects nothing more than the rebuff of silence or aversion. I do not mean to say there are no pure French women, or that the average Frenchman does not believe there are such; but, like the fisherman, he throws his hook into any attractive pool, baited in a thousand insidious ways, and han-dled with exquisite skill. If he succeeds, well and good; if not, he whistles on his way with a devil-1-care freedom, and tries his luck further on. A young lady here never goes out unattended. The parents know the use she makes of every hour; who are her female companions; what books she reads, and the character of and every hour she is shielded and guarded. The American girl comes here with her parents with American ideas. ments are open to her when she has ac-quired the language, which the parent acquires with far more difficulty, if at I have known an American girl

reading THE MOST LASCIVIOUS TALES OF BALZAC, while the mother, a good, prim woman, simply thought she was becoming an acdent of yesterday gives an insight into the rearing of French children. Offenbach is the leading composer of the lighter or buffo operas, and himself operates two or three theaters in Paris, enter a theater at home never fail to go with their families. Offenbach's daughter was married last week, and last night, for the first time, she saw one of her father's plays. Can I say more? Is there need of moralizing? A girl may come through a season of Parisian life without sin, but she has learned much she had better never known, at least till after marriage. Nor is it untrue, as I personally know, that men who in ear-

lier years learned to know Paris feared ITS DEADLY MORAL MIASMA on their very wives. What is the moral law of Paris? All they deem evils are prohibited of course. But why, then, are not the vilest and most degrading that human flesh is heir to put down? Surely the police, with its argus eyes, know as much as the sojourner of a day or month. Two reasons are given. One is that the parties must be taken in the criminal action; they may not be punished like the vagabond and loafer, on general principles. And the same sort of forbearance is extended to them as to the gambler with you. A second reason is, and I think the sin in the eye of the government is not in the criminal action, but in its becoming public or, as they put it here, making a "scandal." A courtesan may ply her trade on the pub-lic street within certain bounds and within certain hours; if she is drunk unfortunate, or fails the proper medical examination, she is arrested and imprisoned. Not one in five who live a life of shame are, as many suppose, registered and subjected to medical examination. Comparatively few who throng the lobbies of the theaters, pose themselves in its boxes, or frequent the numerous balls and particularly such as are all-night houses, where the most

PRARFUL AND BEASTLY ORGIES nightly take place, and these are not hidden, but in the most crowded streets of the city. The American restaurants, Nelder and Nells, are the prominent samples of these, but no less to be condemned and no less vile than the numegrade that are scattered around. Two

grave facts lie at the root of the dissoluteness of Parisian life-to be successful as a courtesan, or notorious as a dissolute man, does not debar one from receiving comparative respect. The box at the opera or theater of a Cora Pearl is visited by reputable men. Publicly the demi-monde throng the reserved stand at the races, and jostle honest women everywhere, and their trailing skirts and painted faces, high-heeled shoes, and stunning head-gear are gazed at with admiration by American girls and matrons, and copied then as the thing. But let me say with authority, that the honest wealth, the aristocracy of Paris, have none of these things. Get out of the quarter of the new rich into that, where, hidden behind envisus gateways where, hidden behind envisus gateways live in their palatial seclusion the aristocracy, and you find all the modesty in dress, the propriety in carriage, and adornment that makes

THE BETTER CLASS AT HOME.

They are rich enough to afford a costume for the street, the saloon and the carriage, each appropriate to its use and occasion.

Lest women like respect, and from all nations they throng to Paris, because they here receive it. An American wo-man to-day contends for the throne with her French and English sisters. But few doors are closed to a woman unattended, though there are one or two of the best restaurants and cafes where they refuse to serve a woman without male escort, The great prevention of virtue among the French population is the marriage law. One third of the births of Paris are illegimate. To marry, even though you are a hundred years old, requires consent of your parents or proof of their death. How shall the child who knows no father fulfill this law in a land where the system of registry forbids deception and a marriage can only be ef fected by an acknowledgment of bas-tardy. Add to this class the number of those who fall, those born in wedlock, and one can easily see how the broaden ing stream of accustomed concubinage ever gathers strength and power.

#### SPECIAL NOTICE.

Don't Make War on the Stomach. If you are billious, dyspeptic and constipa ted, don't make war on the stomach by successively swallowing blue pills, strong purgatives and powerful astringents. Such a procedure damages digestion and weakens the howels, leaving stomach, liver and intestines, after the immediate effect, in a condition of greater disorder than before. That complete relief which remedies of the above description signally fail to afford is obtained by using Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. And for the best of reasons. Biliousness is the result of inactivity of the liver, dyspensia of weakness of tivity of the liver, dyspepsia of wearings of the digestive organs, and constipation is pro-duced by the above causes operating together. The Bitters, being a powerful stomachic, over-come indigestion by stimulating the secretion of gastric juice, relieve biliousness by promo-ting greater activity of the liver, and thus enable the bowels to act with renewed regu-larity. 125-130sodaw

## THRESHING MACHINE. NICHOLS, SHEPARD & CO.'S

Vibrator "Thresher.

The Brilliant Success of this Grain-saving, Time-Saving THRESHER is unprecedented in the annals of Farm Ma-chinery. In a brief period it has become widely known and FUI ESTAB-LISHED, as the LEADING MACHINE.



mit to the wasteful and imperfect, work of other Threshers, when posted on the vest sup-riority of this one, for saving grain, saving time, and doing fast, thorough and economi-

time, and doing fast, thorough and economical work.

THRESHERMEN FIND IT highly advantageous to run a machine that has no "Beaters," 'Pickers," or "Apron," that handles Damp Grain. Long Straw, Headings, Flax, Timothy, Millett and all such difficult grain and seeds, with ENTIRE ESSEAND EFFECTIVENESS. Cleans to perfection; saves the farmer his thresh bill by extra saving of grain, makes no "Litterings," requires LESS THAN ONE-HALF the usual Belts. Boxes, Journals, and Gears; easier managed; less repairs; one that grain reliers prefer to employ and wait for, even as advanced prices, while other machines are "out of jobs,"

are "out of jobs,"
Four sizes made with 6, 8, 10 and
I'm horse "Mounted" Powers, also
a specialty of Separators "alone,"
expressly for STEAM POWER and to match other Horse Powers.

If interested in grain raising, or threshing, write for Illustrated Circulars (sent free) with write for Illustrated Circulars (seat free) with full particulars of sizes, styles, prices, terms, etc. N. CIROLS, SHEP ARD & CO. 6-1574w.

## LECAL.

Sheriff's Sale of Real Estate.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that by virtue of a venditioni exponse to me directed from the honorable First Circuit Court of Shelby county, Tenn., in the case of John B. McCuen vs. M. H. McKinsays, judgment rendered on the 14th day of July, 1874, for the sum of fifty dollars, with interest and costs of suit, to satisfy said judgment, sic., I will, on

Thursday, 12th day of August, 1875, Thursday, 12th day of August, 1875, in legal hours, in front of the Court-house, Memphis, Tenn., proceed to sell to the highest bidder, for each, the following described property, to-wit: Lot No. I7 in the city of Memphis, on the north side of Johnson avenue, southwest and adjoining lot No. 15, 50 feet front by 224 feet deep, in Civil District No. 5. Also lot No. 15 in county lot No. 59, in the city of Memphis, north side of Johnson avenue, southwest and adjoining lot 17, 50 feet front by 200 feet deep, in Civil District No. 5. Also lot No. 1 in county lot 519, in the city of Memphis, south side of Auction street, at the intersection of Johnson avenue, 2055, feet front by 32 feet deep, in Civil District No. 5.

Mo. 5.

Mewind on as the property of defendant, M. H. McKinavay, to satisfy said judgment, interest and costs.

Memphis, 15th day of July, 1875,
C. L. ANDERSON,
Sheriff of Shelby County, Tenn.

LECAL.

Sheriff's Sale of Real Estate.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that by virtue of a vanditioni exponas to me directed from the honorable First Circuit Court of Shelby county, Tonn., in the case of J. D. Darden, assignee, vs. M. H. McKinavay et al., judgment rendered on the 1st day of August, 1874, for the sam of seventy dollars and sixty-five cents, with interest and costs of suit, to satisfy said judgment, etc., I will, on

Thursday, 12th day of August, 1875,

in legal hours, in front of the Court-house, Memphis, Tenn., proceed to sell to the highest bidder, for cash, the following described property, to wit: Lots 16, 17 and 18, 50 feet on Raleigh road, 28 10-12 feet on the Covington road; has a depth of 255 test on the cast line and 225 feet on the west line. Recorded in Book No. 16, pages 555 and 587, 27th day of August, 1870.

Levied on as the property of defendant, M. H. McKinavay, to zatisfy said judgment, interest and cests.

Mamphis, 15th day of July, 1875.

C. L. ANDERSON,
Sheriff of Shelby County, Tenn. in legal hours, in front of the Court-house,

### Trustee's Sale.

BY VIRTUE OF A TRUST DEED MADE to me by John Minchin on the 13th day of January, 1875, and of record in the Register's office of Shelby county. Tenn., in Chattle Book No. 8, page 197, I will, on

Wednesday, July 28, 1875,

at 12 o'clock m., on Second street, between Union and Monroe, in front of Brown's Red Stables, Memphis, Tenn., sell for cash, to the highest bidder, at public outery, one hack, two horses and two sets of harness, selng the same property described in said trust deed. Said trust deed was given to secure the payment of two notes mentioned therein, and at the request of the holders of said notes this saile is made. The title is believed to be good, but I sell as Trustee only,

124-125 T. A. RYAN, Trustee. [N. B.-2761.]

## Chancery Sale of Real Estate.

First Chancery Court of Shelby County. First Chancery Court of Shelby County.

John McBroeks, administrator of Elijah
Brooks, deceased, vs. Sarah Brooks et al.

P'VIRTUE OF AN INTERLOCUTORY
decree for sale, entered in the above cause
on the 5th day of July, 1875, I will sell at public auction to the highest bidder, in front of
the Clera and Master's office, court-house
building, Main street, Memphis, Tennessee, on

Saturday, August 14, 1875,

within legal hours, the following described property, situated in Shelby county. Tennessee, to-wit: Lot No. 5, block 15 of Butler's subdivision, beginning at a stake on the north line of Elliott street, 150 feet cast of intersection of DeSote and Elliott streets, running thence north 798% feet to an alloy, thence casterly 38 feet 8 inches to a stake, thence southwardly 288% feet to Hilliott street, thence westwardly with the north line of Elliott street 47 feet 3 inches to the beginning; it having been deeded to Brooks & Suges and to one Sneed in the proportion of 45420 03 interest in Brooks & Suges to Slose to Sneed.

Terms of Sale-On a credit of 6, 12 and 15 months, purchaser required to give notes with approved security, lien retained until same are paid, and equity of redemption barred.

This July 23, 1875.

By R. J. Black, D. C. and M.
G. W. WINGHESSTER and SHITH & COLLIER, Atterneys.

Sheriff's Sale of Real Estate

Sheriff's Sale of Real Estate.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that by virtue of a venditioni expense to me directed from the Honorable First Circuit Court of Shelby county, Tenn., in the case of M. Yates vs. J. F. Hollaway and V. W. Williams, judgment rendered on the 20th day of February, 1875, for the sum of two hundred and nine dollars an ceighty-eight cents, with interest and costs o smit, to satisfy said judg-ment, etc., I will, on

Wednesday, 4th day of August, 1875,

in legal hours, in front of the Court House, Memphis. Tennessee, proceed to sell, to the highest budder, for cash, the following described property, to-wit: One hundred and eighty nine acres of land in the Third District of Shelby county, and bounded on the north by W. T. Donalson's land, on the east by W. T. Donalson's land, on the south by Hatchis river, and on the west by Mrs. and John Harrison's land.

Levied on as the property of defendant, J. F. Hollaway, to satisfy said judgment, interset and costs.

Mamphis 2th day of July 1875.

at and costs.
Memphis, 9th day of July, 1875.
C. L. ANDERSON,
Sheriff of Shelby County, Tenn.
By Thos. T. Taylon, D. S.
Myras & Saurd, Attorneys for Plaintiff,
119-121-121-121

In Supreme Court at Jackson. James C. Prewitt, Adm'r, etc., vs. Naomi Jones et al. BY VIRTUE OF THE DEGREE PRO-nounced by the Supreme Court of Ten-nossee at Jackson on the 5th of June, 1875, in this cause, I will, on

Saturday, 31st day of July, 1875, offer for sale to the highest bidder. for cash, in front of the office of the Sheriff of Shelby county, in the city of Memphis, the real estate mentioned and described in said decree as follows: Situated, Ising and being in the city of Memphis, county of Shelby, and State of Tennessee, on the north side of Adams street, between Third and Fourth streets, immediately west of and adjoining the lot on which Wm. Park now resides, besinning at a stake on the north side of Adams street, at the southwest corner of the lot on which said Park now resides; running thence with the north side of Adams street, at the north side of the cast line of Mrs. M. A. Willett, wife of Dr. E. Miles Willett; thence northwardly on a line parallel with and 2 feet distant from the cast line of Mrs. M. A. Willett, 18% feet to a stake on alley; themse eastwardly with the south line of said alley 35% feet to a stake on the line of said Wm. Park; thence southwardly with said Wm. Park; thence 28, 1875.

JOHN H. FREEMAN, Clerk.

Koberrecert & Chapt, Sole.

June 29, 1875.

104-128 Saturday, 31st day of July, 1875,

In Supreme Court at Jackson.

John McQuillian et al. vs. John Markey et al. IN PURSUANCE OF THE DECREE PRO-bounced in this cause on the 5th day of June, 1875, by the Supreme Court of Tennes-see, at Jackson, I will, on

Saturday, the 31st Day of July, 1875, Saturday, the 31st Day of July, 1875, offer for sale to the highest bidder, for cash, on the premises, the leasehold interest of defendant, John Markey, in and to the following property: A certain house and lot in the city of Memphis, Shelby county, Termesses, beginning 25 feet south of the southwest corner of Mosby street and Winchester avenue; thence south fronting 25 feet on said Winchester avenue, and running back between parallel lines 145% feet, being the south half of the 50 feet leased from defendant. Sallie E. Saffarana, to defendant, John Markey, which lease runs from the 1st day of January, 1850, to the 1st day of January, 1850, to the 1st day of January, 1850.

JNO. H. FREEMAN, Clerk.

B. B. Barnes, Sol. for complainants.

July 8, 1875.

CHEAP READING.

A 36-Column Journal

The Weekly

PUBLISHED EVERY

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THE BEST

NEWS, LITERARY,

- AND -

Miscellaneous Journal

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Our Commercial, News, Mis Hancous and Local departments will be kept up to the highest standard of approved journalism, endeavoring to please all tastes and to

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FIRESIDE VISITOR AND FAMILY COMPANION!

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